SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 – PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

TRADE NAME:	McCabe Gas Level Indicator Paste		
GENERIC NAME:	None		
CHEMICAL FORMULA	Not applicable to mixtures		
MOLECULAR WEIGHT	Not applicable to mixtures		
SDS NUMBER:	 02 Prepared: September 8, 1998 03 Revised: May 22, 2013 		
MANUFACTURER'S NAME:	McCabe and Sons, Inc.		
MANUFACTURER'S ADDRESS:	771 Clark Road Danville, VT 05828		
MANUFACTURER'S PHONE:	(802) 748-6840		
EMERGENCY PHONE:	(802) 748-6840		
MANUFACTURER'S FAX:	(802) 748-6841		

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

OSHA Hazards No known OSHA hazards

GHS Classification

Skin Irritation (Category 3) Eye Irritation (Category 2B) Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1)

GHS Label Elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram

Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statement(s) H316 H320 H400

May be harmful if swallowed Causes eye irritation Very toxic to aquatic life

Precautionary Statement(s) P273 P305 + P351 + P338

Avoid release to the environment IF IN EYES: rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

M^c Cabe & Sons, Inc.

HMIS (U.S.A.) RATINGS:

Health Hazard: 0 Fire Hazard: 0 Physical Hazards: 1 Personal Protection: E

Potential Health Effects

mptoms may include coughing
al fume fever, a flu-like illness
r, muscle ache, dryness of the
to the gastrointestinal tract.
itis.
r a t

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Synonyms: None

CAS NO.	CHEMICAL NAME	%	HAZARDOUS
1314-13-2	Zinc Oxide	60-70	YES
25322-69-4	Polypropylene Glycol (ARCOL PPG-2025)	30-40	YES
D = Total Dust	R = Respirable Dust	$\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{F}$	ume

SECTION 4 – First Aid Measures

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

Eyes:	Flush with water immediately for 15 minutes and call a physician if irritation persists.
Inhalation:	Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if breathing is difficult.
Ingestion:	Call the local poison control center and physician immediately.
Skin:	Flush with water immediately for 15 minutes and call a physician if irritation persists.
Hazards (Acute/Chronic):	Persons with a pre-existing circulatory or respiratory disease may be susceptible to the effects of this product.

SECTION 5 – FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point (Method Used)		390 – 495°Fahrenheit (COC)	
Autoignition Temperature:		N/A	
Flammable Limits (Components):	LEL	UEL	

Not Flammable

Zinc Oxide

Conditions of Flammability:	Not flammable or combustible
Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide.
Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for fire-fighting if necessary
Hazardous Combustion Products:	Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. Zinc/zinc oxides.
Polypropylene Glycol	
Conditions of Flammability:	Not flammable or combustible
Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide.
Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for fire-fighting if necessary
Hazardous Combustion Products:	Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. Carbon oxides.

NFPA (U.S.A.) RATINGS:

Health: 0
Flammability: 1
Reactivity: 0
Specific Hazard

SECTION 6 – Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions:	Consider use of respirators and personal protective equipment in extreme cases involving large amounts of the material. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ventilate area. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.Segregate and clean-up to avoid generating dust and vapors. Do not let product enter drains.			
Environmental precautions				
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material and properly dispose.			
SECTION 7 – Handling and Stor	rage			
Precautions for Safe Handling:	Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Keep containers closed and away from oxidizers. Wash thoroughly after handling.			
Conditions for Safe Storage:	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.			
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SECTION 8 – Exposure, Personal Protection

Components with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS NO.	Value	Control Parameters	Basis
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	TWA	$10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ D}$	USA, ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV)
			$2 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ F}$	USA, ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV)
Remarks	Metal fume fever			
		STEL	10 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
	Metal fume fever			
		TWA	5 mg/m3	USA Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
		TWA	15 mg/m3	USA Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
		STEL	10 mg/m^3	USA OSHA – Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants – 1910.1000
		TWA	5 mg/m3	USA NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limit
		ST	10 mg/m^3	USA NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limit
		С	15 mg/m3	USA NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limit
Propylene Glycol	25322-69-4	TWA	10 mg/m^3	USA, Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

D = Total Dust; F = Fume

Personal Protective Equipment

Respiratory Protection:	Consider using a NIOSH-approved respirator when handling large quantities of this material or if vapors are present above the TLV		
Hand Protection:	Impervious gloves are usually not required.		
Skin Protection:	Impervious body coverings are usually not required.		
Eye Protection:	Safety glasses with side shields, chemical goggles.		
Work/Hygienic Practices:	Avoid breathing vapor. Wear long-sleeved shirt, trousers and safety shoes.		

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Ventilation:	Recommended to keep below TLVs
Local Exhaust:	Recommended to keep below TLVs
Spec And Other:	N/A

SECTION 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance and Odor	Light purplish blue paste with no odor	Specific Gravity:	1.7
Boiling Point:	Greater than 450°F	Melting Point:	No information found
Specific Gravity:	2.1	Vapor Pressure: (mm Hg.)	Less than 0.01

Solubility in Water: Partial			Evaporation Rate: (Butyl Acetate = 1)	No information found			
Flash Point (Method Used):	390 – 495 I (COC)	Fahrenheit	% Volatiles by Volun	ne No information found			
Autoignition Temperature:	N/A		Viscosity	Unknown			
SECTION 10 – Stability	and Reactiv	vity					
Chemical Stability:		Stable under ordi	nary conditions of use a	and storage.			
Conditions to Avoid:		High temperatures and incompatibles.					
Incompatible Materials:		Oxidizers. Zinc oxide dust may react violently with aluminum and magnesium powders and chlorinated rubber on heating.					
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	on	Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide. When heated to very high temperatures, zinc oxide sublimes to produce zinc oxide fume.					
Possibility of Hazardous	Reactions:	None known to c	occur.				

SECTION 11 – Toxicological Information

This product has not been tested as a whole. Individual components are listed :

Acute Toxicity:

Oral LD50	Zinc Oxide:	LD 50 (oral – mouse (mg/kg))	7,950	
		LD 50 (oral – rat (ul/kg))	5,530	
		LD 50 (oral – rabbit (mg/kg))	2,200	
		LD 50 (oral – guinea pig (mg/kg)) 2,200	
	Polypropylene Glycol	LD 50 (oral – rat (mg/kg))	9,760	
		LD 50 (oral – rat (mg/kg))	3,750	
		LD 50 (oral $-$ rat (mg/kg)) >	2 gm/kg	
		LD 50 (oral – rat (mg/kg))	14,800	
		LD 50 (oral – rat (mg/kg))	5,840	
		LD 50 (oral – rat (mg/kg))	2,410	
		LD 50 (oral – rat (mg/kg))	5,840	
		LD 50 (oral – rat (mg/kg))	4,190	
		LD 50 (oral – rat (mg/kg))	2,130 7,250 10,334 9,760	
		LD 50 (oral – rat (mg/kg))		
		LD 50 (oral – rat (mg/kg))		
		LD 50 (oral – rat (mg/kg))		
		LD 50 (oral – rat (ul/kg))	33,600	
		LD 50 (oral – rat (gm/kg))	>15	
		LD 50 (oral – rat (ul/kg))	56,600	
Inhalation LC50	Zinc Oxide	LC50 (inhalation – mouse (mg/n	n3)) 2,500	
Dermal LD50	Zinc Oxide	No data available		
	Polypropylene Glycol	LC50 (skin – rabbit (ml/kg))	20	
		LC50 (skin – rabbit (ml/kg))	20	

		$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$				
		LC50 (skin - rabbit (gm/kg)) = 10 $LC50 (skin - rabbit (gm/kg)) = 30$				
		LC50 (skin - rabbit (ml/kg)) 30 LC50 (skin - rabbit (ml/kg)) 20				
		LC50 (skin - rabbit (ml/kg)) 20				
		LC50 (skin – rabbit (ml/kg)) 20				
Skin corrosion/irritation	Zinc Oxide	Skin – rabbit – Mild skin irritation – 24 h				
Respiratory or skin sensitization	No data available					
Germ cell mutagenicity	Zinc Oxide	Genotoxicity in vitro – Hamster – Embryo Unscheduled DNA synthesis				
		Genotoxicity in vitro – Hamster – Embryo				
		Morphological transformation				
		Genotoxicity in vitro – Hamster – Embryo				
		Sister chromatid exchange				
		Genotoxicity in vitro – guinea pig – inhalation Unscheduled DNA synthesis				
Carcinogenicity (whole product)						
IARC	No component of is identified as pr	f this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% obable, possible, or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.				
ACGIH	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH					
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.					
	is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP					
OSHA	is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA					
Reproductive toxicity	(whole product)	No data available				
Teratogenicity	Zinc Oxide	Developmental Toxicity – rat – oral Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Homeostatsis Effects on Newborn: Stillbirth. Effects on Newborn: Growth statistics (e.g. Reduced weight gain)				
Specific target organ Toxicity - Single exposure	(whole product)	No data available				
Specific target organ Toxicity - Repeated exposu	(whole product) re	No data available				
Aspiration Hazard	(whole product)	No data available				

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Zinc oxide dust or fume can irritate the respiratory tract. Prolonged skin contact can produce a severe dermatitis called oxide pox. Exposure to high levels of dust or fume can cause metallic taste, marked thirst, coughing, fatigue, weakness, muscular pain, and nausea followed by fever and chills. Severe overexposure may result in bronchitis or pneumonia with a bluish tint to the skin., prolonged or repeated exposure can cause:, Reversible liver enzyme abnormalities., Diarrhea.

No data available

Additional Information RTECS: Zinc Oxide: ZH4810000 Propylene Glycol: TR5250000

SECTION 12 – Ecological Information

Toxicity:

Zinc Oxide

Toxicity to Fish	LC50 – Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) – 1.1 mg/l – 96 hr			
Toxicity to Daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	EC50 – Daphnia magna (water flea) – 0.098 mg/l – 48 hr			
Polypropylene Glycol				
Toxicity to Fish	LC50 – Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) – 10,000 mg/l – 96 hr			
Toxicity to Daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	No data available			
Persistence and Degradability	No data available			
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available			
Mobility in soil	No data available			
PBT and vPvB assessment	No data available			
Other adverse effects	No data available			
SECTION 13 – Disposal Cons	siderations			
Product	Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company			
Contaminated packaging	Dispose of as unused product in accordance with federal, state and local requirements. Sanitary landfill, incineration at permitted facility.			
EPA Hazardous Waste ID	None			

EPA Hazardous Waste ID

Number

SECTION 14 – Transport Information

DOT (US)

Not regulated. Not dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not dangerous goods.

IATA

Not dangerous goods.

SECTION 15 – Regulatory Information

US Federal Regulations

FDA – Zinc oxide as a nutrient and dietary supplement (food additive) has been determined to be "Generally Recognized as Safe" (GRAS) by the FDA

A: Component Analysis

None of this products components are listed under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A) or (40 CFR 302.4). Zinc oxide is subject to reporting levels established by SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65).

Acute Health: Yes Chronic Health: No Fire: No Pressure: No Reactivity: No

State Regulations

B: Component Analysis - State

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS	CA	IL	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Yes						
Polypropylene glycol	25322-69-4	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No

C: Component Analysis - Inventory

Component	CAS	TSCA 8(b)	TSCA 8(d)	DSL	NDSL	WHMIS	EINECS	RCRA
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Not Controlled	215-222-5	No
Polypropylene glycol	25322-69-4	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Not Controlled	500-039-8	No

Chemical Weapons Convention: Yes TSCA 12(b): No CDTA: No

California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

WHMIS

This SDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all information required by the CPR.

SECTION 16 – Other Information

Label Hazard Warning:

WARNING! MAY IRRITATE RESPIRATORY TRACT.

Label Precautions:

Avoid breathing dust or vapor. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Label First Aid:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention for any breathing difficulty.

Product Use:

Used to gauge/measure certain petroleum and chemical products.

Revision Information:

Revised all sections in accordance with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

Date of Preparation: September 8, 1998 Date of Revision: May 22, 2013

Disclaimer

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